



Talamore Reports High Grade Assays from Supremo Extension

Infill drilling, including hole 26-SPX-RC084 (5.37 g/t Au over 8.4 m) and 26-SPX-RC100 (1.50 g/t Au over 42.4 m), is targeting resource upgrade and conversion within the pit limits

Infill assays are materially higher grade than the M&I and Inferred resource grade of 1.18 g/t and 1.72 g/t, respectively

Vancouver, British Columbia - June 22, 2026 - Talamore Mining Corporation (TSXV: TALA, OTCQB: TALMF) ("Talamore" or the "Company") is pleased to report results from 55 holes of an ongoing 40,000-metre infill and exploration drilling program at its wholly-owned Coffee Gold project in Canada's Yukon Territory. Drilling is currently targeting the higher-grade Supremo Extension zone (Figures 1 & 2), which currently hosts an Indicated Resource of 2,437 kt at a grade of 1.18 grams per tonne (g/t) gold for a contained 92,000 ounces of gold, and an Inferred Resource of 6,059 kt at a grade of 1.72 g/t gold for a contained 335,000 ounces of gold. The Inferred grade at Supremo Extension is significantly higher than the 1.15 g/t Au grade of the overall Coffee Gold project resource estimate and thus provides a compelling target for converting high-grade ounces to the Indicated category for inclusion in the Feasibility Study currently underway.

Today's release includes assay results from 55 reverse circulation holes totalling 7,447 metres of a planned 25,000 metres of infill drilling at Supremo Extension. A total of 157 drill holes for approximately 22,348 metres have been completed through June of this year.

Drilling Highlights

Highlights of the holes reported here from the Supremo Extension structural system include:

- **5.37 g/t Au over 8.4 m** estimated true width (ETW) in hole **26-SPX-RC084**
- **6.60 g/t Au over 6.6 m** (ETW) in hole **26-SPX-RC033**
- **5.77 g/t Au over 6.1 m** ETW in hole **26-SPX-RC022**
- **4.14 g/t Au over 8.8 m** ETW in hole **26-SPX-RC112**
- **1.50 g/t Au over 42.4 m** ETW in hole **26-SPX-RC100**
- **2.29 g/t Au over 14.2 m** ETW in hole **26-SPX-RC068**

Tim Warman, President and CEO of Talamore Mining, said "The Supremo Extension area continues to deliver drill intercepts with grades significantly higher than the resource grades in our September 2025 preliminary resource estimate (see [press release dated September 15, 2025](#))." Mr. Warman continued "Our 2026 drilling program is designed to grow the resource base across the broader Coffee property, while maintaining a strong focus on the Supremo Extension target. Approximately 20,000 m of new infill drilling was completed at Supremo Extension ahead of the cutoff date for inclusion in the resource update for the ongoing Feasibility Study. With the infill drilling largely complete at Supremo Extension, the drills will now be moving onto other infill projects within the existing resource footprint and will also be chasing deeper oxide mineralization beneath the main Supremo resource pit, before moving on to regional targets in August."

Geology and Context of Results

The Coffee Gold project consists of multiple mineralized structural zones forming the equivalent of a large vein swarm with individual structural zones from one to over thirty metres in width and extending up to four-kilometres in strike length (Figure 1). The Supremo Extension portion of the Coffee deposit is at the intersection of a steep dipping northeasterly trending high grade structure and a shallow dipping easterly trending structural zone. The shallow dipping structure is unique relative to the other structural zones in the Coffee deposit because of the much thicker mineralization, lower trace metals and increase in silver. The intersection of these two structural trends creates wide zones of much higher-than-average grade that become ideal for open pit mining.

- Holes **26-SPX-RC022** and **26-SPX-RC033** (Figures 2 & 3) encountered better than expected grades near the bottom of the current resource pit. These new holes also added mineralization within the current resource pit, and outside it, with mineralization remaining open at depth. These holes are drilled on a cross section between existing completed cross sections. The mineralization cut in this cross section indicates the potential for expanding the pit especially the flat bottom area of the pit. These results will also increase the grade at depth and should lower the stripping ratio.
- Hole **26-SPX-RC068** (Figure 2 & 4) extended good grade and width to within 25 metres of the surface, with grade increasing with depth. This drill hole adds confidence in good grade near the surface and continuity of similar or better grade at depth. This hole also adds mineralization within the current resource pit. The holes drilled on this cross section are between existing completed cross sections. Assays are pending on two drill holes in this cross section which would define whether the pit can be expanded at depth to include a historical high-grade intercept below the current pit.
- Hole **26-SPX-RC084** (Figures 2 & 5) helps to confirm the current resource model interpretation and shows grade and width increasing with depth. This hole intercepted mineralization within the current resource pit and adds confidence to the continuity of good grade. The holes drilled on this cross section are between existing completed cross sections. Only one new hole was needed to complete this cross section. This hole will upgrade the blocks in the steeper structure which could provide the justification for expanding the pit at depth to include part of a wider good grade intercept extending below the current pit.
- Hole **26-SPX-RC100** (Figures 2 & 6) helps to confirm the current resource model and shows increasing width and grade at depth. This hole also adds mineralization within the current resource pit and the zone remains open at depth. These holes are drilled on a cross section between existing completed cross sections. These drill results in the low angle structure are exceptionally wide and good grade which will increase the block grades and reduce the stripping ratio. The drilling also confirms high grade at the base of the pit which should upgrade the blocks in this area. There are pending assays on three other drill holes on this cross section.
- Hole **26-SPX-RC112** (Figures 2, 7) shows increased grade and confirms the model. These holes are drilled on a cross section between existing completed cross sections. This drilling upgrades blocks in the shallow dipping structure on this cross section and also adds continuity to the steeply dipping structure. One drill hole on this cross section has pending assays to give more support to the steeper dipping structure.

These 55 drill holes continue the campaign to infill between existing completed cross sections on the Supremo Extension target, to increase drill density and upgrade resources from Inferred to Indicated for inclusion in the Feasibility Study currently underway. Infill and/or expansion drilling has also started on the Supremo and Latte zones. Once the infill drilling is completed the drills will move to several of the regional targets that will be tested this summer.

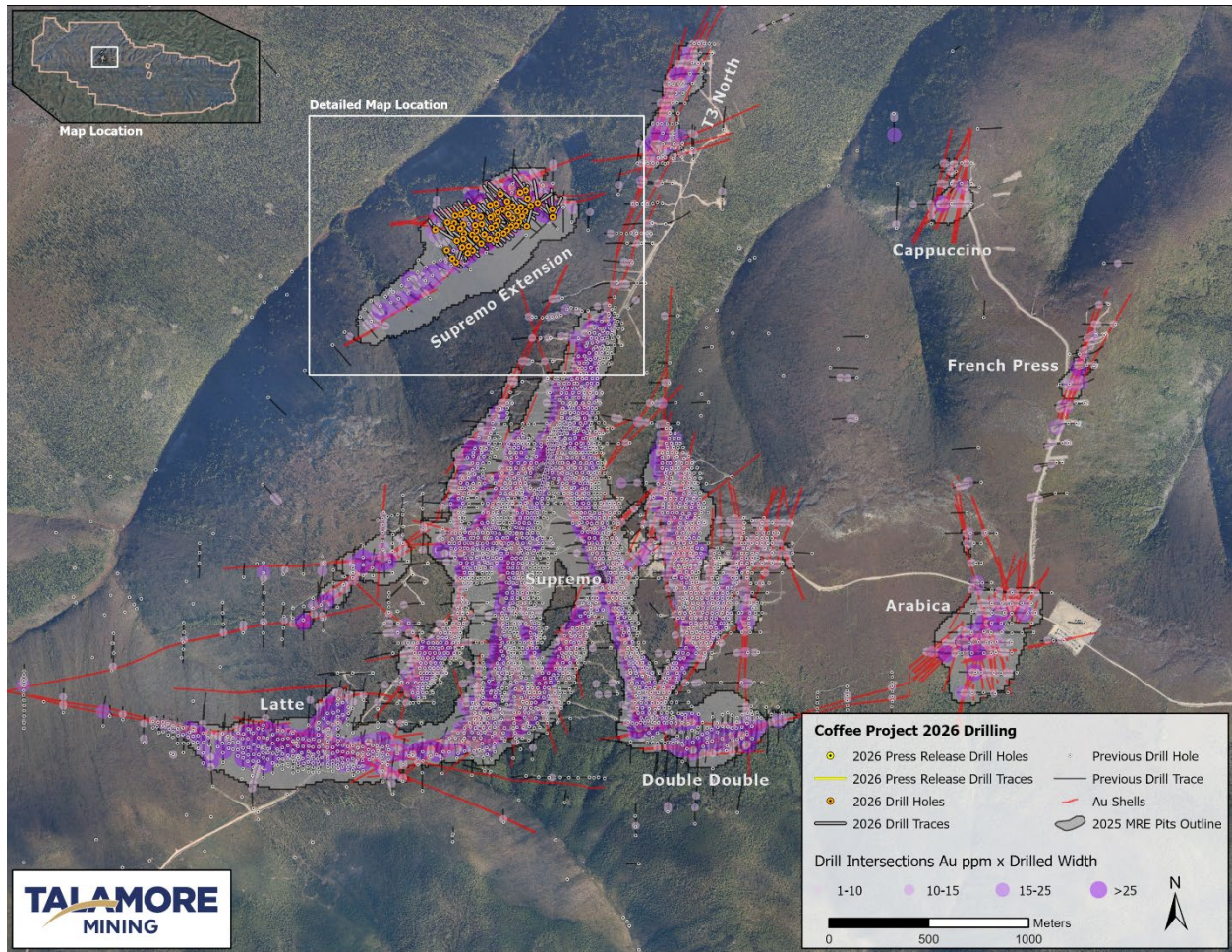


Figure 1. Known mineralized systems and existing drill holes at the Coffee Gold Project. Resource pit outlines in Figures 1 through 7 are based on the report entitled “NI 43-101 Technical Report for the 2025 Mineral Resource Estimate Update on the Coffee Gold Project, Yukon, Canada” prepared for Fuerte Metals Corporation by Micon International, with an effective date of August 21, 2025, and an issue date of October 6, 2025.

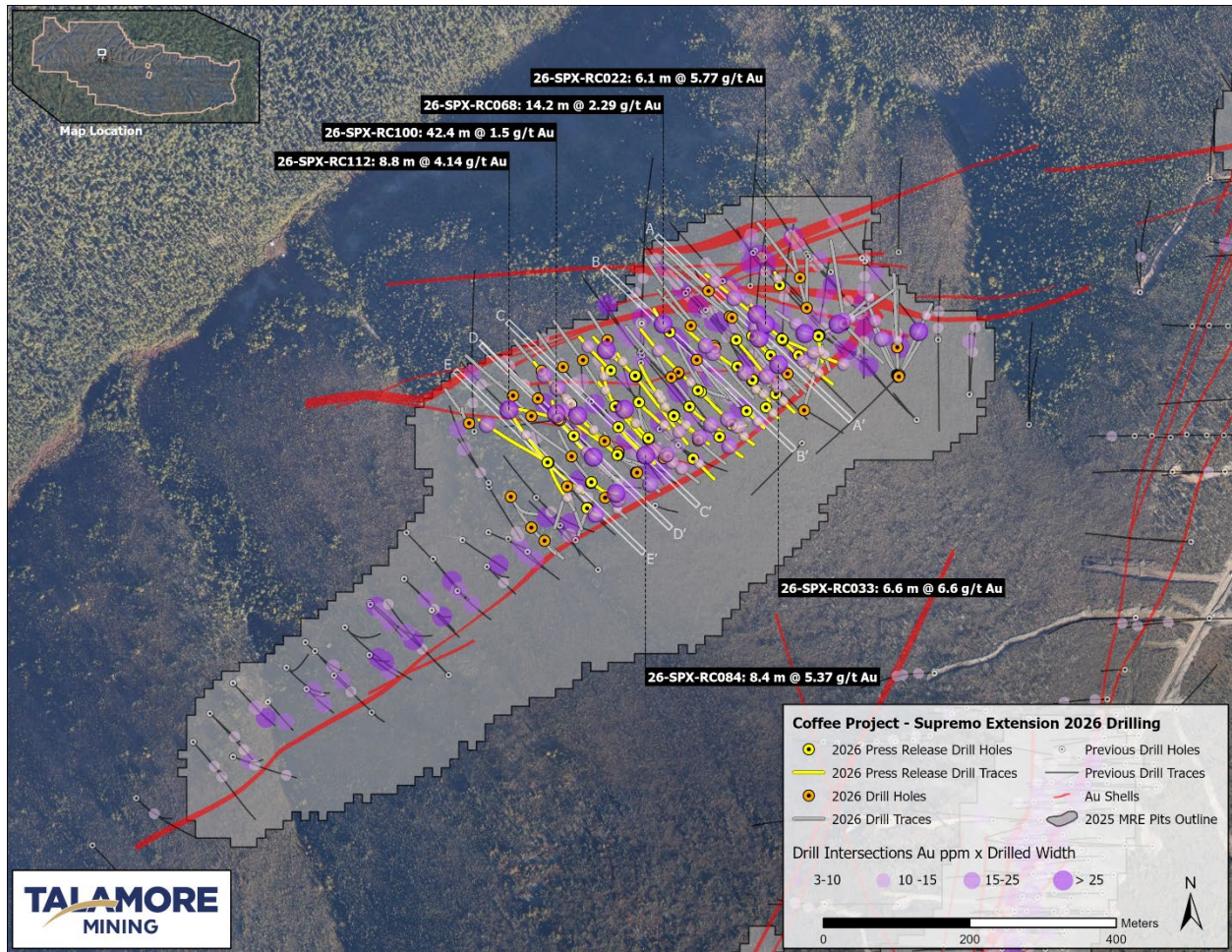


Figure 2. Location of drill holes and cross-sections from the current release, Supremo Extension.

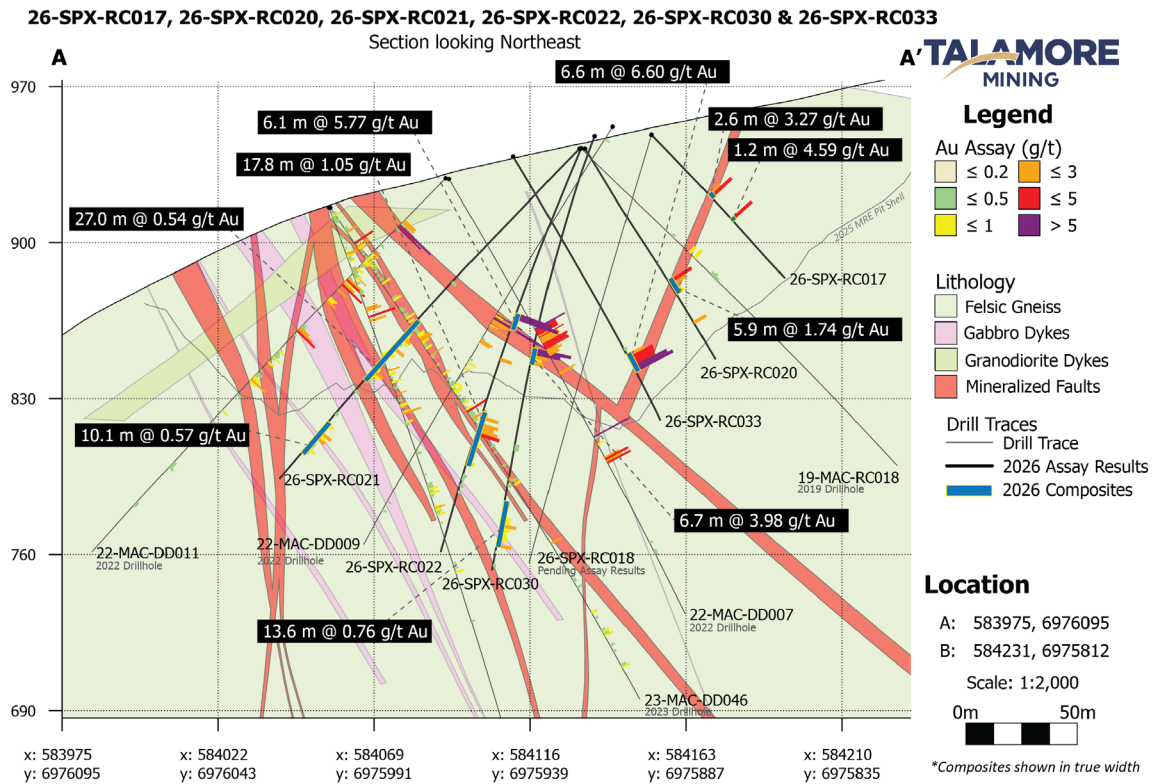


Figure 3. Cross-section A-A' through the Supremo Extension showing increasing grade at depth and pit extension at depth.

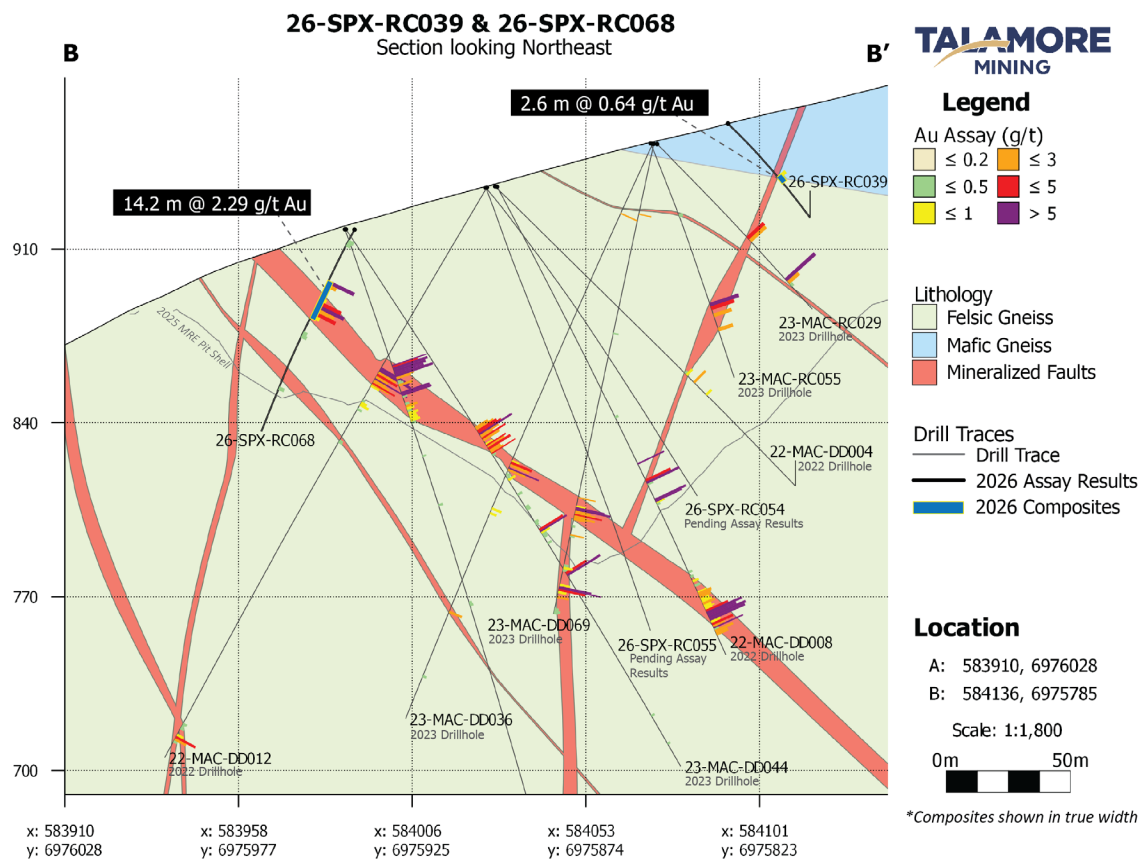


Figure 4. Cross-section B-B' through the Supremo Extension showing good grade near the surface and potential for pit expansion to include below pit high grade.

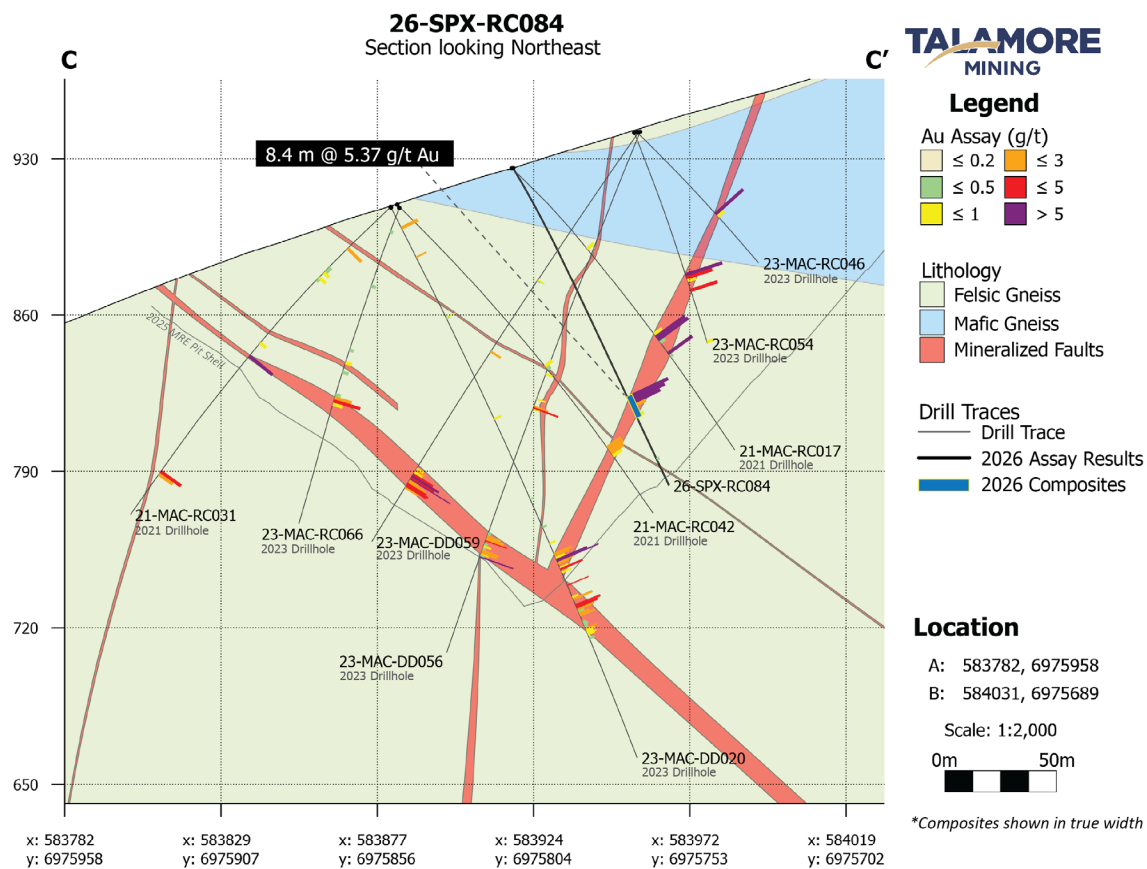


Figure 5. Cross-section C-C' through the Supremo Extension showing upgrading of blocks in the steep mineralized structure and adding confidence to the existing model.

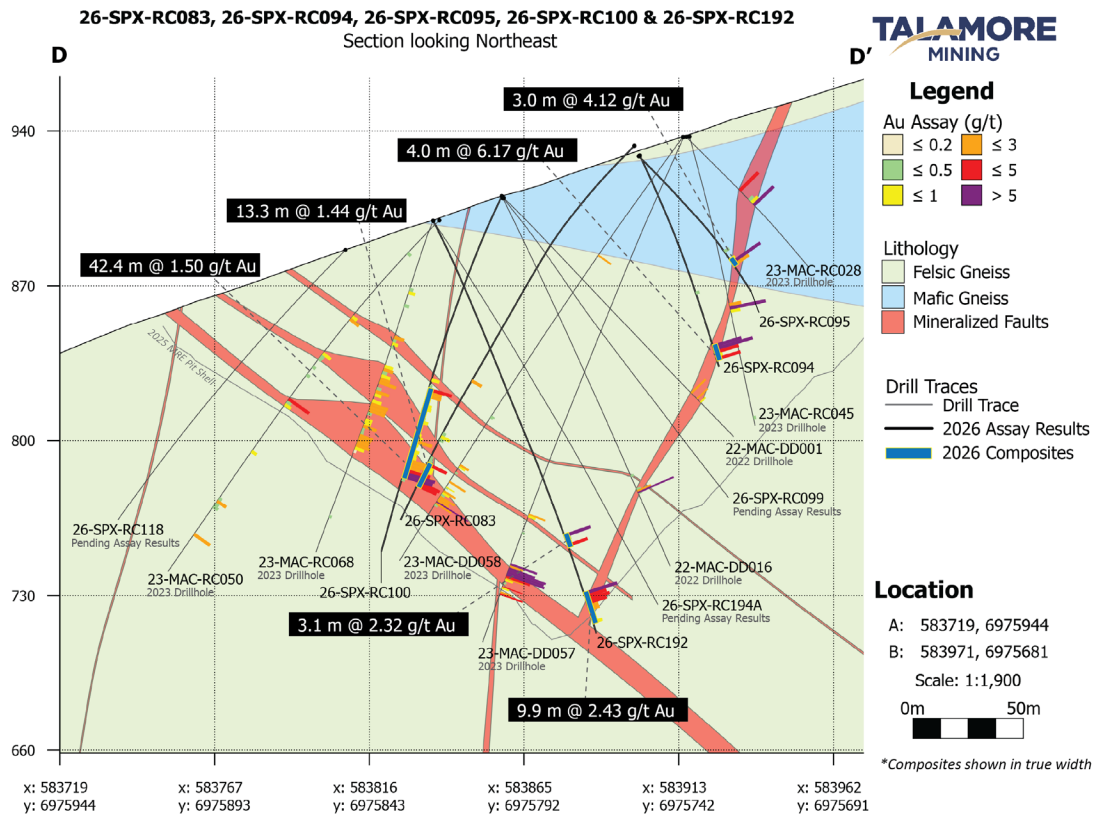


Figure 6. Cross-section D-D' through the Supremo Extension showing wide good grade results on the shallow dipping structure.

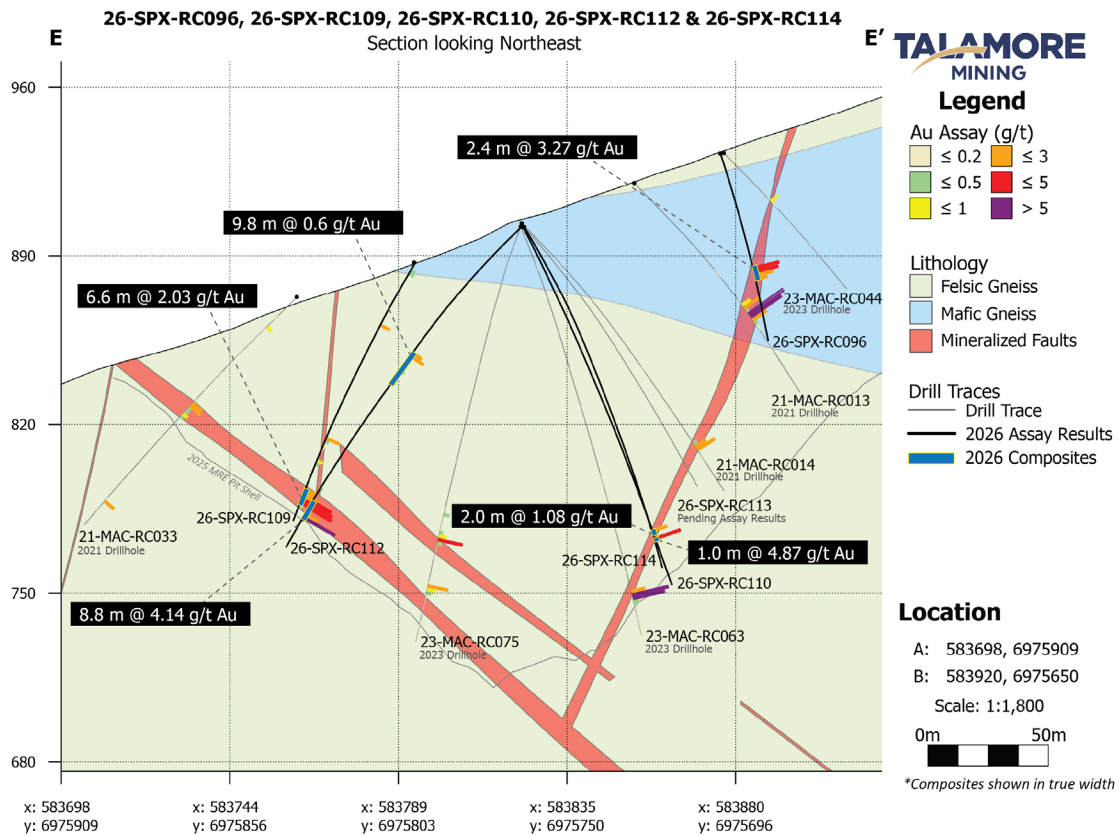


Figure 7. Cross-section E-E' through the Supremo Extension showing upgrading of blocks in the shallow dipping structure and confidence in the model of the steeper dipping structure.

Table 1. Detailed Drill results

Drill Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Drill Length (m)	True Width (m)	Au g/t	Zone
26-SPX-RC010	44.2	53.3	9.1	5.9	0.87	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC017	36.6	39.6	3.0	2.6	3.27	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC017	51.8	53.3	1.5	1.2	4.59	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC019	74.7	83.8	9.1	6.9	1.15	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC019	155.5	167.6	12.2	4.0	0.93	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC020	70.1	77.7	7.6	5.9	1.74	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC021	106.7	141.7	35.1	27.0	0.54	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC021	167.6	185.9	18.3	10.1	0.57	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC022	79.3	86.9	7.6	6.1	5.77	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC022	126.5	150.9	24.4	17.8	1.05	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC024	33.5	54.9	21.3	15.1	0.32	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC026	22.9	25.9	3.1	2.4	1.10	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC030	99.1	106.7	7.6	6.7	3.98	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC030	169.2	190.5	21.3	13.6	0.76	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC031	19.8	22.9	3.1	2.4	0.56	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC033	102.1	111.3	9.1	6.6	6.60	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC036	126.5	140.2	13.7	11.7	1.61	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC039	29.0	32.0	3.0	2.6	0.64	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC040	74.7	76.2	1.5	1.4	2.23	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC041	85.3	94.5	9.1	6.3	0.95	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC042	102.1	105.2	3.1	2.5	7.39	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC045	32.0	33.5	1.5	1.2	6.13	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC046	47.2	48.8	1.5	0.7	9.27	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC046	68.6	71.6	3.1	2.0	3.29	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC047	22.9	32.0	9.1	7.9	1.73	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC050	74.7	85.3	10.7	9.3	1.63	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC051	19.8	25.9	6.1	4.9	1.42	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC051	125.0	132.6	7.6	6.4	1.75	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC056	15.2	16.8	1.5	0.6	2.41	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC058	88.4	93.0	4.6	2.8	3.35	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC061	77.7	82.3	4.6	3.6	4.22	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC062	64.0	65.5	1.5	0.8	2.95	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC063	150.9	157	6.1	1.0	1.37	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC063	56.4	57.9	1.5	1.1	2.91	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC064	51.8	54.9	3.0	2.5	1.49	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC068	22.9	39.6	16.8	14.2	2.29	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC070	65.5	70.1	4.6	4.2	2.20	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC071	80.8	94.5	13.7	9.9	1.14	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC072	76.2	77.7	1.5	1.1	2.88	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC072	167.6	178.3	10.7	8.6	2.86	Supremo Extension

26-SPX-RC073	158.5	161.5	3.0	2.7	1.92	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC073	80.8	83.8	3.1	2.3	2.06	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC074	147.8	152.4	4.6	2.7	1.38	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC076	135.6	138.7	3.0	3.0	4.33	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC077	61.0	65.5	4.6	3.7	0.96	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC077	74.7	85.3	10.7	9.2	2.97	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC078	82.3	89.9	7.6	6.5	1.08	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC080	175.3	181.4	6.1	5.1	5.50	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC082	190.5	193.6	3.1	2.4	0.51	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC083	169.2	184.4	15.2	13.3	1.44	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC084	114.3	125.0	10.7	8.4	5.37	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC085	115.8	126.5	10.7	9.4	1.86	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC087	103.6	105.2	1.5	1.4	4.34	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC089	62.5	67.1	4.6	4.0	2.73	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC094	93.0	100.6	7.6	4.0	6.17	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC095	62.5	67.1	4.6	3.0	4.12	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC096	48.8	54.9	6.1	2.4	3.27	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC100	88.4	137.2	48.8	42.4	1.50	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC101	77.7	89.9	12.2	11.6	1.36	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC101	51.8	54.9	3.0	2.3	2.17	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC101	10.7	18.3	7.6	5.6	0.60	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC102	1.5	4.6	3.1	2.2	1.57	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC102	18.3	21.3	3.1	2.2	1.68	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC102	77.7	96.0	18.3	16.4	1.11	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC109	125.0	134.1	9.1	6.6	2.03	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC110	140.2	141.7	1.5	1.0	4.87	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC112	68.6	79.3	10.7	9.8	0.60	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC112	143.3	152.4	9.1	8.8	4.14	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC114	137.2	140.2	3.1	2.0	1.08	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC115	155.5	166.1	10.7	8.6	1.63	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC192	153.9	160.0	6.1	3.1	2.32	Supremo Extension
26-SPX-RC192	181.4	196.6	15.2	9.9	2.43	Supremo Extension

Table 2. Drill Hole Locations

Drill Hole	Easting	Northing	Elevation (mast)	Azimuth	Dip	Hole Depth (m)
26-SPX-RC001	584298	6975882	952.0	335.5	43.8	158.5
26-SPX-RC002	584300	6975882	952.0	357.5	54.2	201.2
26-SPX-RC003	584302	6975882	951.9	22.7	43.8	150.9
26-SPX-RC008	584192	6975936	937.9	60.7	57.8	172.2
26-SPX-RC009	584191	6975936	937.9	160.5	44.9	70.1
26-SPX-RC011	584192	6975936	937.9	272.6	75.1	131.1
26-SPX-RC012	584193	6975936	937.8	63.8	47.5	176.8
26-SPX-RC013	584191	6975937	937.9	294.8	60.8	169.2
26-SPX-RC034	584101	6975875	952.0	290.5	80.0	170.7
26-SPX-RC035	584102	6975876	951.8	302.1	52.7	201.2
26-SPX-RC037	584101	6975875	951.9	107.4	45.8	86.9
26-SPX-RC038	584101	6975875	951.9	108.3	56.2	80.8
26-SPX-RC069	583985	6975771	949.3	134.9	43.6	80.8
26-SPX-RC075	583943	6975749	943.4	134.1	46.9	61.0
26-SPX-RC091	583900	6975715	937.4	135.9	45.3	59.4
26-SPX-RC096	583875	6975700	932.3	137.5	71.5	80.8
26-SPX-RC010	584191	6975935	937.9	172.1	65.6	83.8
26-SPX-RC017	584163	6975904	949.5	135.0	46.1	88.4
26-SPX-RC019	584142	6975930	942.2	110.8	55.5	167.6
26-SPX-RC020	584143	6975930	942.2	137.3	58.1	111.3
26-SPX-RC021	584141	6975932	942.2	311.1	46.1	201.2
26-SPX-RC022	584142	6975931	942.2	310.5	67.4	192.0
26-SPX-RC024	584138	6976005	920.8	336.0	78.4	80.8
26-SPX-RC026	584134	6975856	961.0	135.6	54.6	64.0
26-SPX-RC030	584125	6975908	947.6	316.4	68.9	201.2
26-SPX-RC031	584120	6975838	962.8	135.1	54.8	41.2
26-SPX-RC033	584101	6975935	938.6	140.0	59.0	135.6
26-SPX-RC036	584101	6975876	951.9	305.5	47.3	201.2
26-SPX-RC039	584096	6975834	959.6	137.6	44.3	50.3
26-SPX-RC040	584081	6975894	945.1	138.4	44.5	96.0
26-SPX-RC041	584081	6975894	945.0	145.3	61.2	115.8
26-SPX-RC042	584079	6975930	935.8	139.8	51.2	140.2
26-SPX-RC045	584074	6975814	959.7	136.8	44.9	61.0
26-SPX-RC046	584074	6975814	959.7	136.5	80.0	120.4
26-SPX-RC047	584054	6975799	959.2	136.2	44.6	64.0
26-SPX-RC050	584030	6975859	942.8	139.5	45.1	100.6
26-SPX-RC051	584027	6975861	942.8	312.0	49.2	201.2
26-SPX-RC056	584021	6975770	958.0	135.5	47.2	61.0
26-SPX-RC058	584017	6975841	944.0	139.5	59.4	140.2
26-SPX-RC061	583994	6975827	942.7	137.0	49.5	111.3
26-SPX-RC062	583994	6975827	942.7	141.0	69.4	118.9
26-SPX-RC063	583993	6975827	942.7	310.0	70.1	190.5
26-SPX-RC064	583994	6975826	942.6	321.5	53.6	181.4
26-SPX-RC068	583988	6975941	917.8	318.0	61.9	89.9
26-SPX-RC070	583964	6975794	940.2	138.2	45.6	100.6
26-SPX-RC071	583964	6975794	940.2	137.7	64.8	120.4
26-SPX-RC072	583963	6975794	940.1	316.8	65.5	201.2
26-SPX-RC073	583963	6975795	940.1	315.0	51.3	190.5
26-SPX-RC074	583947	6975846	926.9	142.1	67.7	179.8
26-SPX-RC076	583941	6975880	921.9	142.3	43.0	166.1
26-SPX-RC077	583941	6975880	919.8	311.0	45.7	120.4
26-SPX-RC078	583942	6975880	919.7	310.4	70.8	134.1
26-SPX-RC080	583917	6975774	931.7	314.3	55.7	201.2

26-SPX-RC082	583917	6975772	931.7	308.6	68.0	201.2
26-SPX-RC083	583917	6975773	931.7	309.5	45.2	201.2
26-SPX-RC084	583918	6975813	923.7	141.8	59.6	158.5
26-SPX-RC085	583913	6975843	918.8	140.9	45.1	146.3
26-SPX-RC087	583913	6975843	918.8	330.9	61.8	135.6
26-SPX-RC089	583907	6975889	910.8	315.8	44.4	91.4
26-SPX-RC094	583881	6975735	928.9	129.0	64.5	103.6
26-SPX-RC095	583882	6975735	928.6	128.0	45.2	80.8
26-SPX-RC096	583875	6975700	932.3	137.5	71.5	80.8
26-SPX-RC100	583857	6975794	909.6	315.1	65.7	170.7
26-SPX-RC101	583853	6975842	901.6	314.9	47.0	123.4
26-SPX-RC102	583853	6975842	901.6	313.0	67.8	120.4
26-SPX-RC109	583834	6975822	899.4	288.2	53.4	140.2
26-SPX-RC110	583822	6975763	901.9	142.1	62.4	161.5
26-SPX-RC112	583821	6975763	902.1	319.0	44.6	166.1
26-SPX-RC114	583822	6975762	901.9	161.4	56.9	153.9
26-SPX-RC115	583821	6975763	902.0	303.0	45.1	185.9
26-SPX-RC192	583836	6975822	899.4	96.5	68.7	201.2

Notes to Table 2:

1. Table contains information for all 2026 RC holes with results released to date
2. Coordinate system NAD83 Zone 7N

The goal of targeting the higher-grade infill portion within the main Supremo Extension is to increase both the size and the grade of the resource for inclusion in the current Feasibility Study work. The current open-pit mineral resource estimate comprises:

Table 3. 2025 Coffee Gold Project Mineral Resource Estimate

Resource Category	Tonnage (kt)	Gold Grade (g/t)	Metal Content (gold koz)
Measured	1,200	1.80	69
Indicated	78,846	1.14	2,888
Measured + Indicated	80,046	1.15	2,957
Inferred	21,200	1.17	800

Notes to Table 3:

- Economic parameters used in the resource are a gold price of US\$2,500/oz; heap leach average recoveries for the individual metallurgical domains of 86.3% for Oxide, 76.0% for Upper Transition, 54.5% for Middle Transition and 31.4% for Lower Transition; a mining cost of C\$3.27-\$3.50/t, processing costs of C\$6.64/t, and general and administrative costs of C\$6.0/t. A CAD:USD exchange rate of 1.35 was also assumed.
- The calculated cut-off grades vary between 0.13 g/t Au and 0.48 g/t Au, depending on the metallurgical domain. The global weighted average cut-off grade is 0.18 g/t Au, with domain tonnage contributions comprising 64% Oxide, 18% Upper Transition, 5% Middle Transition, and 13% Lower Transition.
- Pit slope angles vary between 45.0 and 48.8 degrees depending on the pit area.
- Pit optimization was done on 12x12x10 m re-block model with a minimum of 4x4x5 m regularized SMU.
- Numbers have been rounded to the nearest for thousand tonnes and ounces. Differences may occur in totals due to rounding.
- The mineral resources described above have been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum Standards and Practices.
- Messrs. Alan J. San Martin, P.Eng. and Charley Murahwi, P.Geo. from Micon International Limited are the Qualified Person (QP) for this Mineral Resource Estimate.
- Mineral resources are not mineral reserves as they have not demonstrated economic viability. The quantity and grade of reported Indicated and Inferred mineral resources in this news release are uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define any measured resource; however, it is reasonably expected that a significant portion of Inferred Mineral Resources could be upgraded into Indicated Mineral Resources with further exploration.
- Micon's QPs have not identified any legal, political, environmental, or other factors that could materially affect the potential development of the mineral resource estimate.

Quality Assurance and Quality Control Procedures

RC samples are collected at the drill rig by a qualified subcontractor in conjunction with rock chips for logging. Samples are collected every 5 ft (~1.52 m) for the entire hole, with the exception of the first sample of each hole where intervals may be longer depending on recovery while casing is set. Large retention bags (36"x24") are marked with the depth of the interval and small sample bags (12"x 20") are marked with a sample ID corresponding to a sample tag book where depth interval and hole information are recorded. The sample is collected in a clean bucket from under the cyclone. The full sample and bucket are weighed and then the sample is split using a riffle splitter (1/8 split) into a retention bag and a sample bag. The retention and sample bags are weighed on a scale, and the total weight, retention bag weight, and sample bag weight are recorded in the corresponding sample tag book.

A representative spear sample is taken from the waste bucket and is dry and wet sieved on site. Chips from the sieved sample are placed in a chip tray marked with the corresponding depth interval. Retention bags are folded over and are stacked neatly at the drill site; sample bags are closed and arranged into sample shipments at the drill site. A geologist regularly checks in on each drill to ensure sample integrity, quality, and that the site is being maintained in a clean and orderly manner to prevent sampling errors and contamination. When groundwater is encountered, the drillers will attempt to "dry" the interval before it reaches the cyclone. If a sample is wet, the sample will be spear sampled rather than split, and 'wet sample' is noted in the tag book. A geologist will supervise sampling during wet drilling conditions to ensure the sample is representative.

The cyclone is checked regularly for contamination and cleaned as necessary, regardless of drilling conditions. The collected samples are brought to the main core processing area at the end of every shift where they are laid out and the sample count and sequence numbers are checked to verify against the completed tag books. Standards and blanks occur every 10 samples and the standard type is generated randomly in the acQuire database upon entry. Standards and blanks are inserted by the geo-technicians during shipment preparation. Standards and blanks procedures for RC sampling are the same as diamond drill core sampling.

All reverse circulation samples collected in 2026 were submitted to ALS Canada Ltd. for preparation and assaying. Samples were typically received, crushed, and pulverized by the ALS Whitehorse preparation facility, and shipped to ALS North Vancouver for assaying. Prepared samples were assayed for gold using a conventional lead-fire assay procedure (Au-ICP21, ICP-AES) on 30 g sub-samples (50 g samples were used in 2010). Fire-assayed samples with grades in excess of 10 g/t gold were re-assayed from a second 30 g split (50 g split in 2010) using a fire assay procedure and a gravimetric finish (Au-GRA21). All regular drill samples were analyzed for a suite of 48 elements utilizing a four-acid digestion with a combination of ICP-AES and ICP-MS finishes (ME-MS61).

Qualified Person

Mr. Charlie Ronkos, MMSA is Talamore's EVP Exploration and the Qualified Person who has approved the technical information disclosed in this release.

Messrs. Alan J. San Martin, P.Eng. and Charley Murahwi, P.Geo. from Micon International Limited are the Qualified Persons (QPs) who prepared the Coffee Gold Project Mineral Resource Estimate. Micon International Limited is "Independent" of Talamore as defined by Section 1.5 of NI 43-101. The estimate was prepared by Micon International Limited in Accordance with National Instrument 43-101 with an effective date of August 21, 2025.

About Talamore Mining

Talamore Mining Corporation (formerly Fuerte Metals Corp.) is a Canadian exploration and development company advancing the Coffee Gold Project in Yukon, Canada. Coffee is a 100%-owned, open-pit heap leach gold project in the final stages of permitting and engineering, as the Company works toward a construction decision. The project hosts 3.0 million ounces of Measured and Indicated resources and an additional 0.8 million ounces of Inferred resources. In addition to Coffee, Talamore holds a portfolio of copper and gold assets in Chile and Mexico, providing longer-term growth potential.

Talamore recognizes that protection of the land and water around the Coffee Gold Project is of central importance to the Trondëk Hwëch'in, White River First Nation, Selkirk First Nation, and the First Nation of Na-Cho Nyäk Dun. The Company is focused on building long-term relationships grounded in transparency, respect, and follow-through. From day one, Talamore's approach is simple: do the work properly, be honest about it, and follow through on what we say.

Additional Information

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Forward-Looking Information

This news release includes certain "forward-looking statements" under applicable Canadian securities legislation. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to future development plans and the business and operations of the Company. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable, are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results and future events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to business integration risks; fluctuations in general macroeconomic conditions; fluctuations in securities markets; fluctuations in spot and forward prices of gold, silver, base metals or certain other commodities; fluctuations in currency markets; results of exploration; the economics of processing methods; change in national and local government, legislation, taxation, controls, regulations and political or economic developments; risks and hazards associated with the business of mineral exploration, development and mining (including environmental hazards, industrial accidents, unusual or unexpected formations pressures, cave-ins and flooding); inability to obtain adequate insurance to cover risks and hazards; the presence of laws and regulations that may impose restrictions on mining; employee relations; relationships with and claims by local communities and indigenous populations; availability of and increasing costs associated with mining inputs and labour; the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development (including the risks of obtaining necessary licenses, permits and approvals from government authorities); and title to properties.

There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Neither the TSX Venture Exchange nor its regulation services provider (as that term is defined in the Policies of the TSX Venture Exchange) accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this release.